

Reteaching 4-5

Isosceles and Equilateral Triangles

OBJECTIVE: Using and applying properties of isosceles triangles

MATERIALS: None

Example

Find $m\angle ABE$.

Because $AE \cong BE$, $m\angle EAB \cong m\angle ABE$.

$$m\angle EAB + m\angle ABE + m\angle AEB = 180$$

Triangle Angle-Sum Theorem

$$m\angle EAB + m\angle ABE + 40 = 180$$

Substitution

$$m\angle EAB + m\angle ABE = 140$$

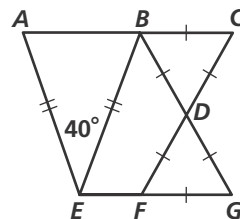
Subtraction Property of Equality

$$2m\angle ABE = 140$$

Substitution

$$m\angle ABE = 70$$

Division Property of Equality



Exercises

Work with a partner to find the measures of the angles of quadrilateral $BDFE$ in the diagram above.

- Find the measures of the angles of $\triangle CBD$ and $\triangle FDG$.
- Use the Angle Addition Postulate to find $m\angle BDF$.
- Use the Angle Addition Postulate to find $m\angle EFC$.
- Use the Angle Addition Postulate to find $m\angle EBG$.
- Use the Polygon Interior Angle-Sum Theorem to find $m\angle BEF$.

Find the measure of each angle.

6. $m\angle BCA$

7. $m\angle DCE$

8. $m\angle DEF$

9. $m\angle BCD$

10. $m\angle BAG$

11. $m\angle GAH$

